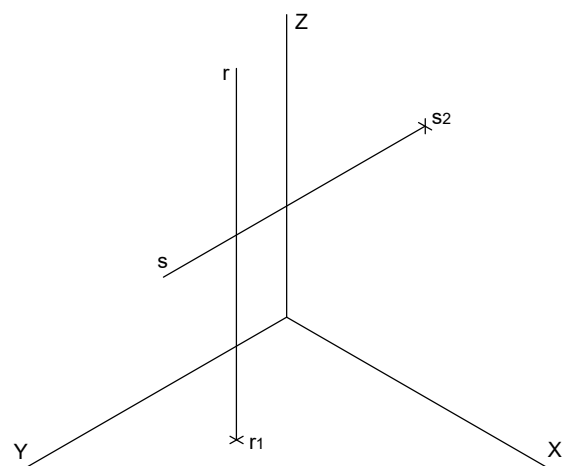
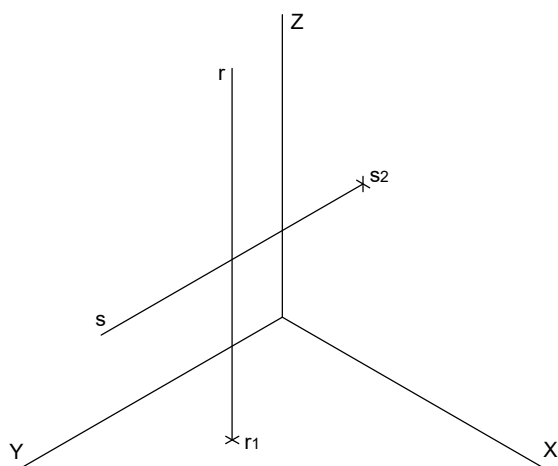
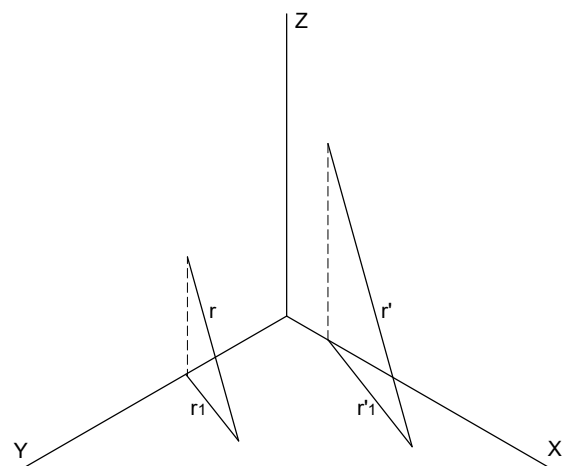
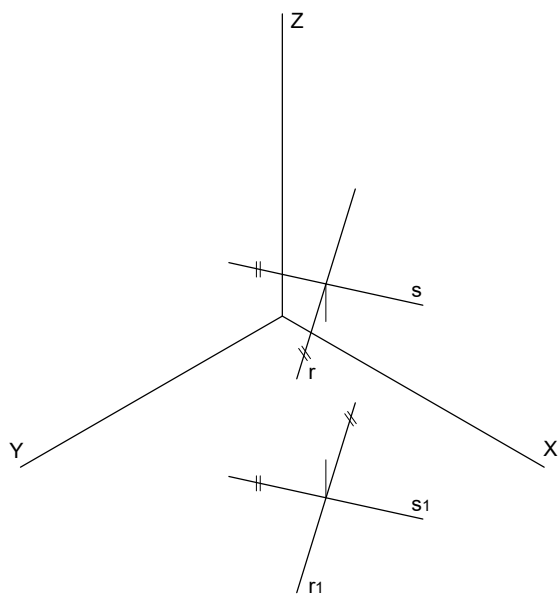
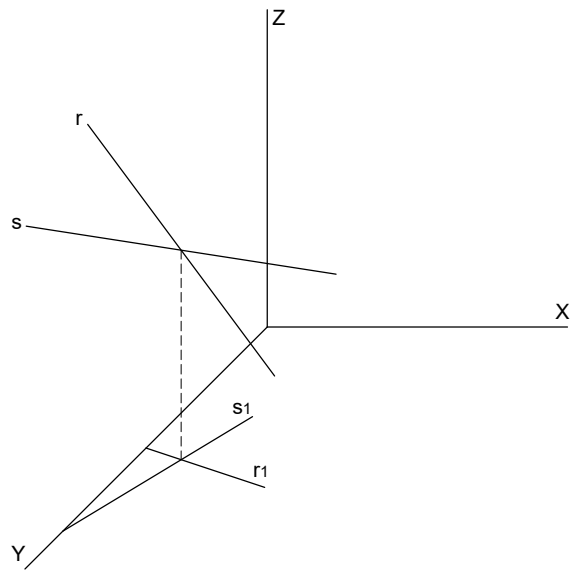
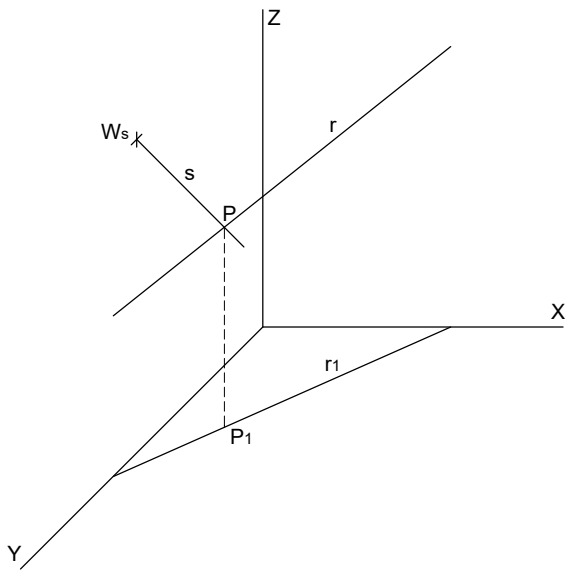
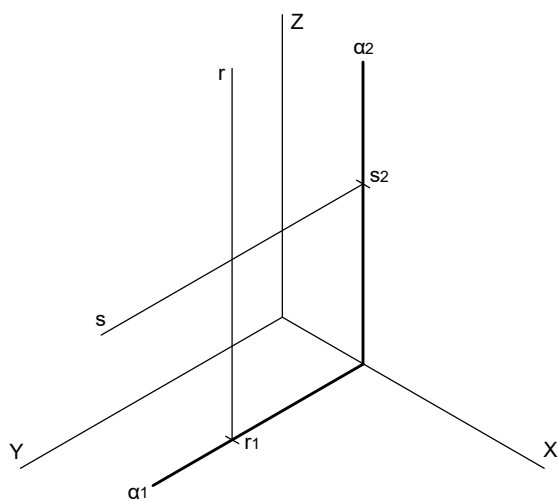
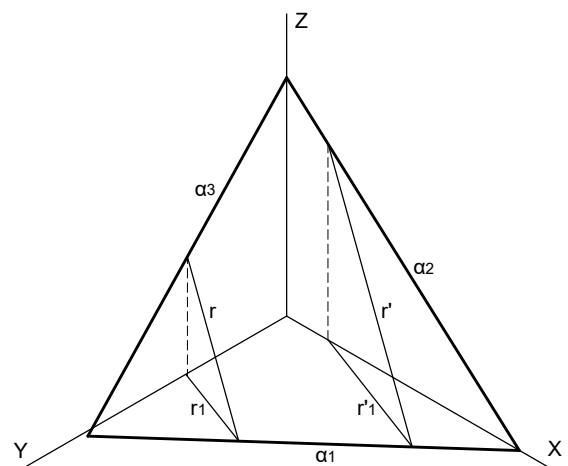
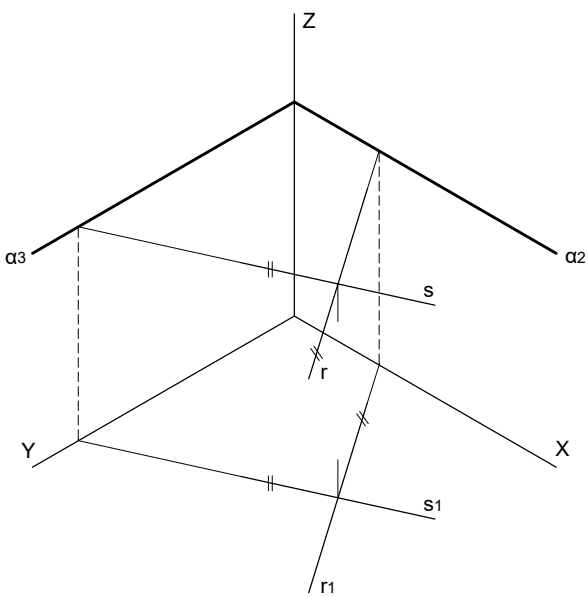
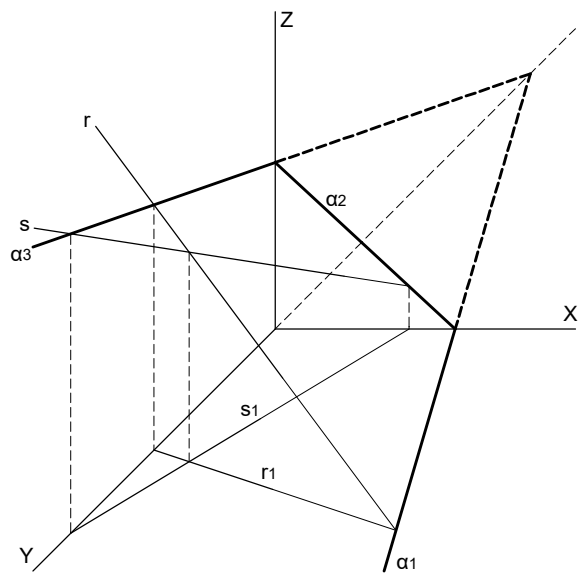
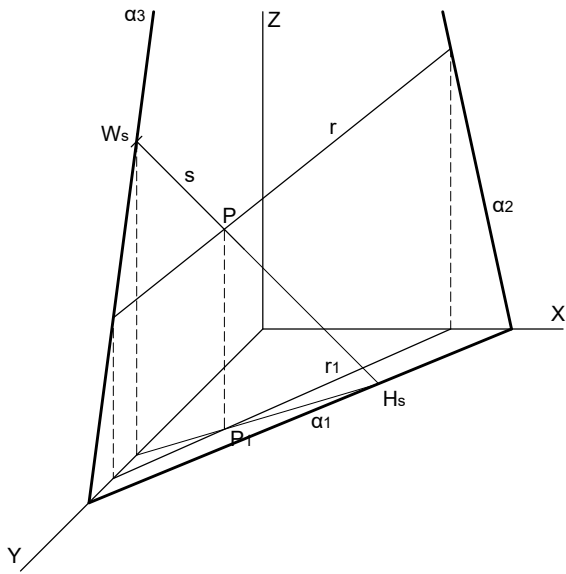


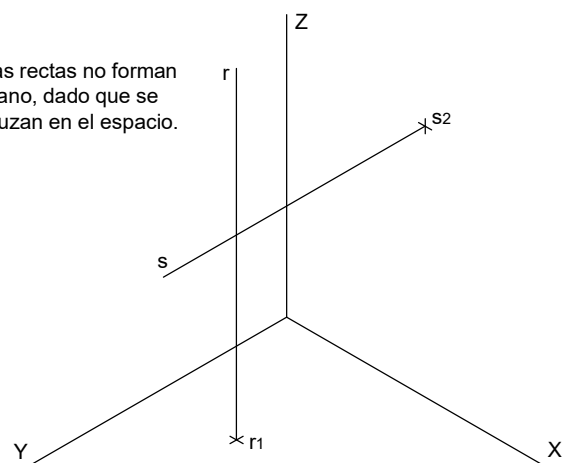
1. Hallar, en todos los casos siguientes, las trazas del plano definido por dos rectas:



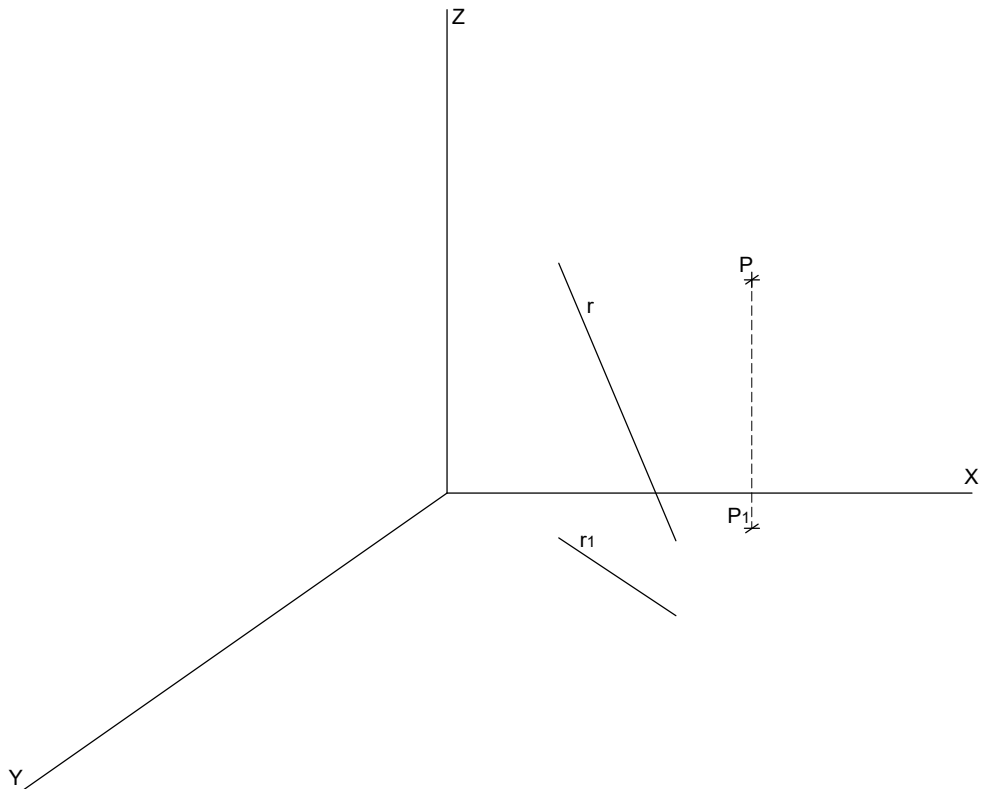
1. Hallar, en todos los casos siguientes, las trazas del plano definido por dos rectas:



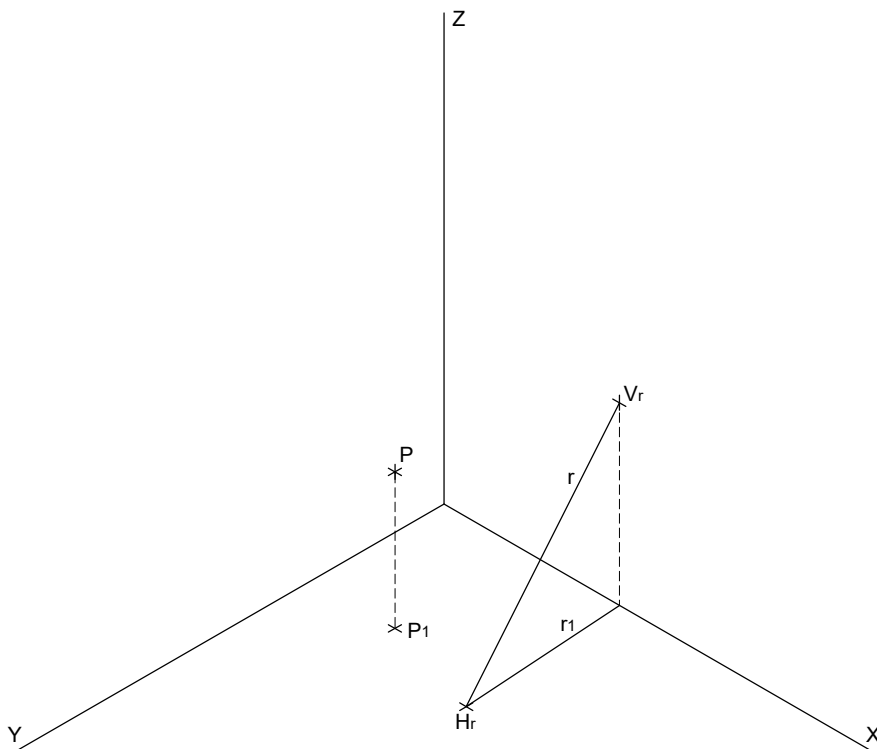
Las rectas no forman plano, dado que se cruzan en el espacio.



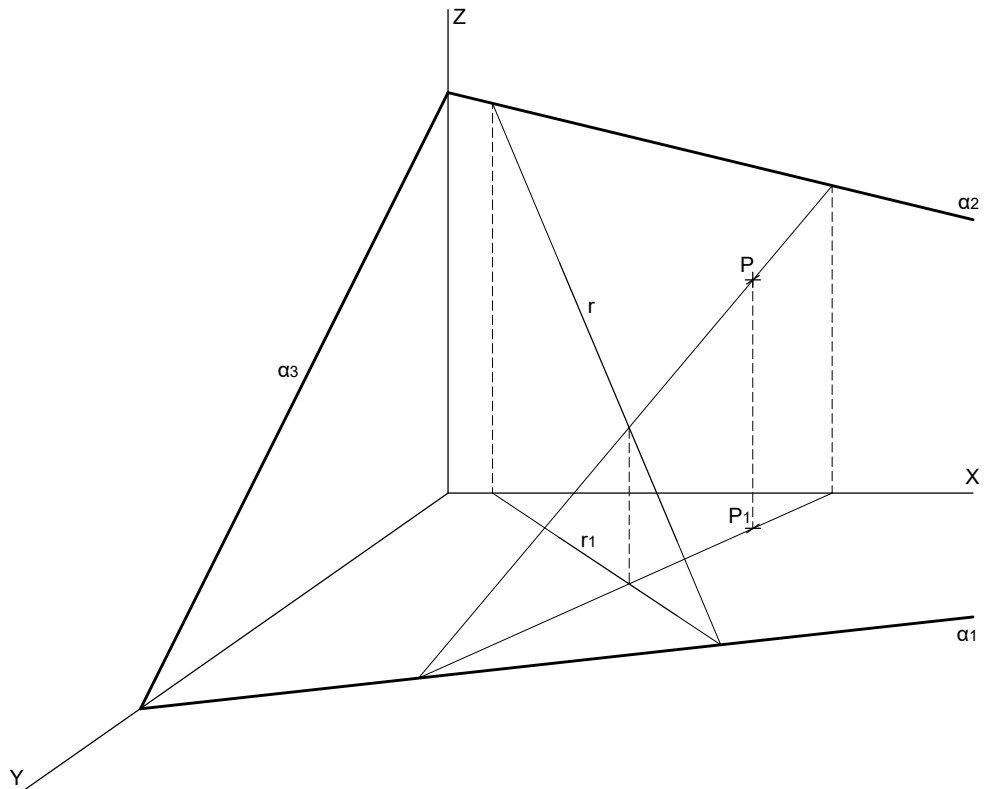
1. Hallar el plano α , que contiene a la recta r y al punto P .



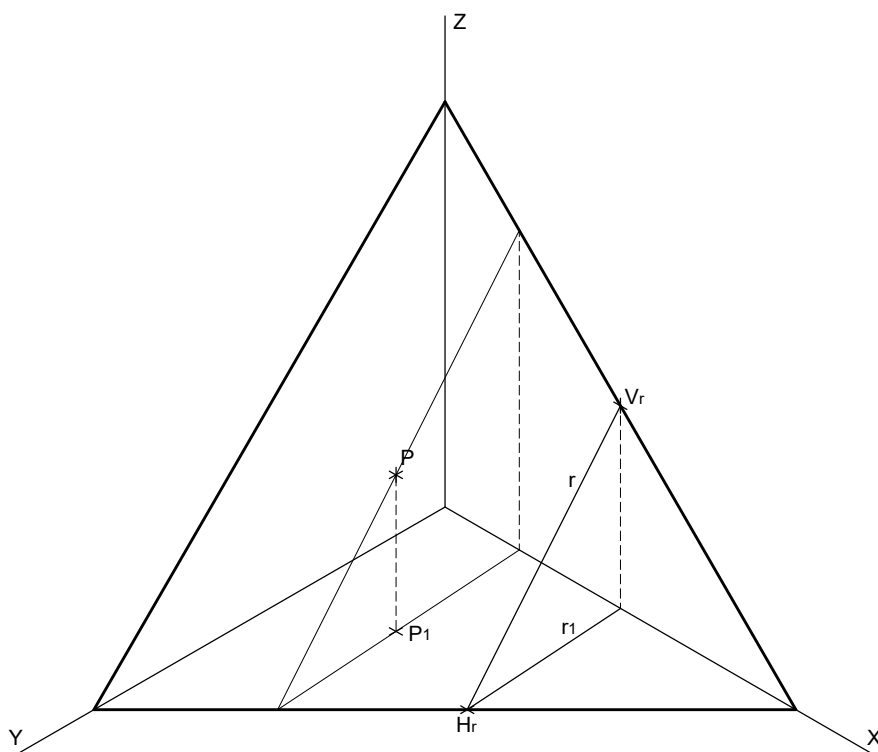
2. Hallar el plano α , que contiene a la recta r y al punto P .



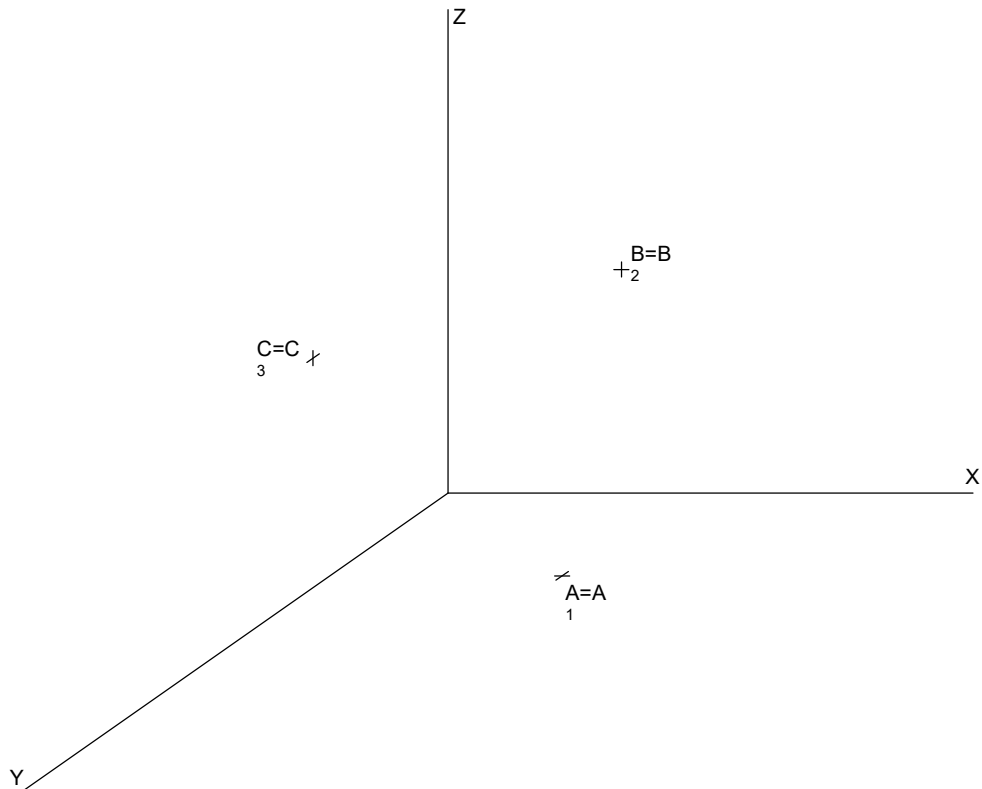
1. Hallar el plano α , que contiene a la recta r y al punto P .



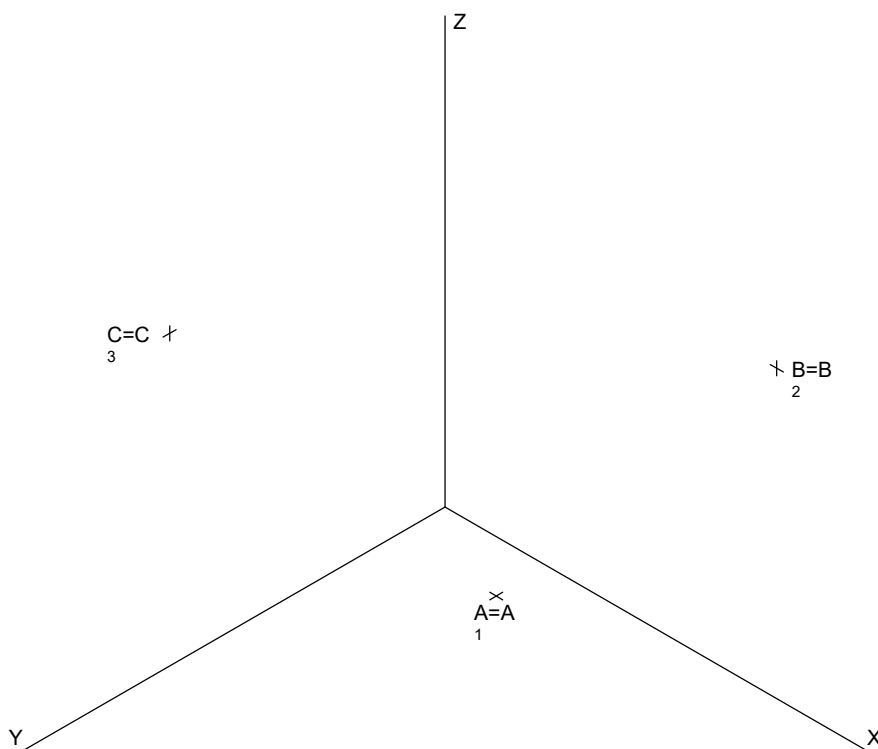
2. Hallar el plano α , que contiene a la recta r y al punto P .



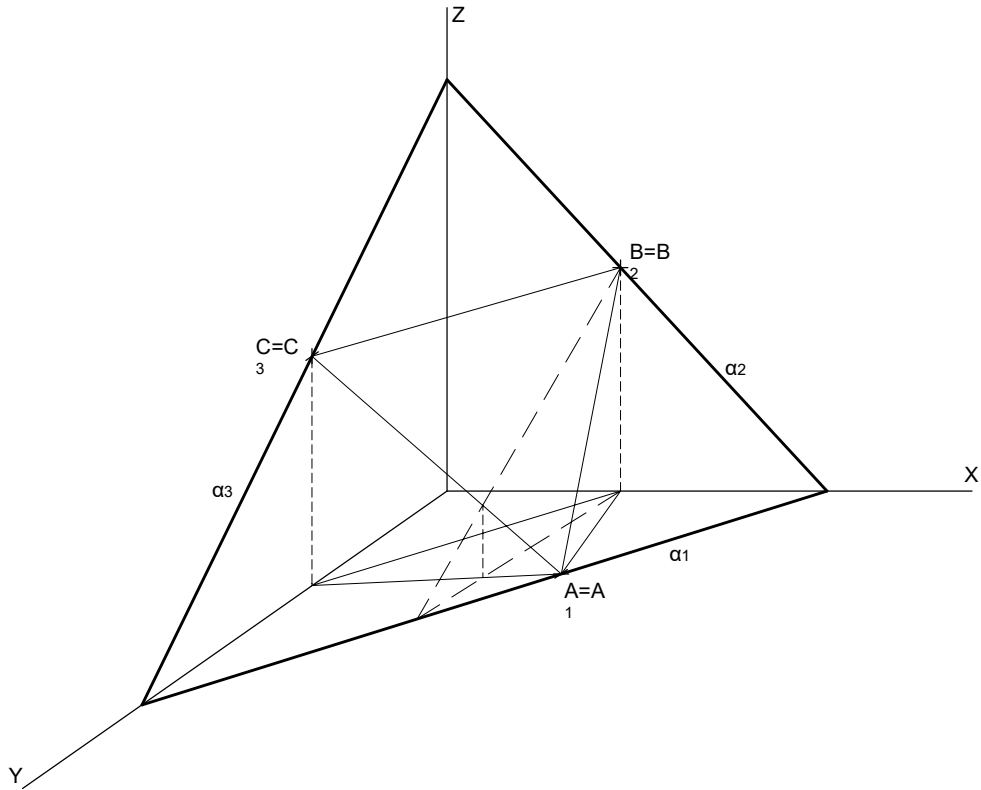
1. Hallar el plano α , que contiene a los puntos **A**, **B** y **C**.



2. Hallar el plano α , que contiene a los puntos **A**, **B** y **C**.



1. Hallar el plano α , que contiene a los puntos **A**, **B** y **C**.



2. Hallar el plano α , que contiene a los puntos **A**, **B** y **C**.

